SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

1 NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Melatonin Teva XL 2 mg prolonged-release tablets

2 QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each prolonged-release tablet contains 2 mg melatonin.

<u>Excipient with known effect</u>: each prolonged-release tablet contains 80 mg lactose monohydrate.

For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

3 PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Prolonged-release tablet.

White to off-white, oval, biconvex tablets with 'A6' debossed on one side.

4 CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1 Therapeutic indications

Melatonin Teva XL is indicated as monotherapy for the short-term treatment of primary insomnia characterised by poor quality of sleep in patients who are aged 55 or over.

4.2 Posology and method of administration

Posology

The recommended dose is 2 mg once daily, 1-2 hours before bedtime and after food. This dosage may be continued for up to thirteen weeks.

Paediatric population

The safety and efficacy of Melatonin Teva XL in children aged 0 to 18 years has not yet been established. Other pharmaceutical forms/strengths may be more appropriate

for administration to this population. Currently available data are described in section 5.1.

Renal impairment

The effect of any stage of renal impairment on melatonin pharmacokinetics has not been studied. Caution should be used when melatonin is administered to such patients.

Hepatic impairment

There is no experience of the use of melatonin in patients with liver impairment. Published data demonstrates markedly elevated endogenous melatonin levels during daytime hours due to decreased clearance in patients with hepatic impairment. Therefore, Melatonin Teva XL is not recommended for use in patients with hepatic impairment.

Method of administration

Oral use. Tablets should be swallowed whole to maintain prolonged release properties. Crushing or chewing should not be used to facilitate swallowing.

4.3 Contraindications

Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients listed in section 6.1.

4.4 Special warnings and precautions for use

Melatonin may cause drowsiness. Therefore Melatonin Teva XL should be used with caution if the effects of drowsiness are likely to be associated with a risk to safety.

No clinical data exist concerning the use of melatonin in individuals with autoimmune diseases. Therefore, Melatonin Teva XL is not recommended for use in patients with autoimmune diseases.

Excipients

Lactose

Patients with rare hereditary problems of galactose intolerance, total lactase deficiency or glucose-galactose malabsorption should not take this medicinal product.

4.5 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Interaction studies have only been performed in adults.

Pharmacokinetic interactions

Melatonin has been observed to induce CYP3A *in vitro* at supra-therapeutic concentrations. The clinical relevance of the finding is unknown. If induction

- occurs, this can give rise to reduced plasma concentrations of concomitantly administered medicinal products.
- Melatonin does not induce CYP1A enzymes *in vitro* at supra-therapeutic concentrations. Therefore, interactions between melatonin and other active substances as a consequence of melatonin's effect on CYP1A enzymes are not likely to be significant.
- Melatonin's metabolism is mainly mediated by CYP1A enzymes. Therefore, interactions between melatonin and other active substances as a consequence of their effect on CYP1A enzymes is possible.
- Caution should be exercised in patients on fluvoxamine, which increases melatonin levels (by 17-fold higher AUC and a 12-fold higher serum C_{max}) by inhibiting its metabolism by hepatic cytochrome P450 (CYP) isozymes CYP1A2 and CYP2C19. The combination should be avoided.
- Caution should be exercised in patients on 5- or 8-methoxypsoralen (5 and 8-MOP), which increases melatonin levels by inhibiting its metabolism.
- Caution should be exercised in patients on cimetidine a CYP2D inhibitor, which increases plasma melatonin levels, by inhibiting its metabolism.
- Cigarette smoking may decrease melatonin levels due to induction of CYP1A2.
- Caution should be exercised in patients on oestrogens (e.g. contraceptive or hormone replacement therapy), which increase melatonin levels by inhibiting its metabolism by CYP1A1 and CYP1A2.
- CYP1A2 inhibitors such as quinolones may give rise to increased melatonin exposure.
- CYP1A2 inducers such as carbamazepine and rifampicin may give rise to reduced plasma concentrations of melatonin.
- There is a large amount of data in the literature regarding the effect of adrenergic agonists/antagonists, opiate agonists/antagonists, antidepressant medicinal products, prostaglandin inhibitors, benzodiazepines, tryptophan and alcohol, on endogenous melatonin secretion. Whether or not these active substances interfere with the dynamic or kinetic effects of melatonin or vice versa has not been studied.

Pharmacodynamic interactions

- Alcohol should not be taken with melatonin, because it reduces the effectiveness of melatonin on sleep.
- Melatonin may enhance the sedative properties of benzodiazepines and non-benzodiazepine hypnotics, such as zaleplon, zolpidem and zopiclone. In a clinical trial, there was clear evidence for a transitory pharmacodynamic interaction between melatonin and zolpidem one hour following co-dosing. Concomitant administration resulted in increased impairment of attention, memory and co-ordination compared to zolpidem alone.
- Melatonin has been co-administered in studies with thioridazine and imipramine, active substances which affect the central nervous system. No clinically significant pharmacokinetic interactions were found in each case. However, melatonin co-administration resulted in increased feelings of tranquility and difficulty in performing tasks compared to imipramine alone, and increased feelings of "muzzy-headedness" compared to thioridazine alone.

4.6 Fertility, pregnancy and lactation

Pregnancy

For melatonin, no clinical data on exposed pregnancies are available. Animal studies do not indicate direct or indirect harmful effects with respect to pregnancy, embryonal/foetal development, parturition or postnatal development (see section 5.3). In view of the lack of clinical data, use in pregnant women and by women intending to become pregnant is not recommended.

Breastfeeding

Endogenous melatonin was measured in human breast milk thus exogenous melatonin is probably secreted into human milk. There are data in animal models including rodents, sheep, bovine and primates that indicate maternal transfer of melatonin to the foetus via the placenta or in the milk. Therefore, breast-feeding is not recommended in women under treatment with melatonin.

4.7 Effects on ability to drive and use machines

Melatonin has moderate influence on the ability to drive and use machines. Melatonin may cause drowsiness, therefore the product should be used with caution if the effects of drowsiness are likely to be associated with a risk to safety.

4.8 Undesirable effects

Summary of the safety profile

In clinical trials (in which a total of 1,931 patients were taking melatonin and 1,642 patients were taking placebo), 48.8% of patients receiving melatonin reported an adverse reaction compared with 37.8% taking placebo. Comparing the rate of patients with adverse reactions per 100 patient weeks, the rate was higher for placebo than melatonin (5.743– placebo vs. 3.013– melatonin). The most common adverse reactions were headache, nasopharyngitis, back pain, and arthralgia, which were common, by MedDRA definition, in both the melatonin and placebo treated groups.

Tabulated list of adverse reactions

The following adverse reactions were reported in clinical trials and from post-marketing spontaneous reporting.

In clinical trials a total of 9.5% of patients receiving melatonin reported an adverse reaction compared with 7.4% of patients taking placebo. Only those adverse reactions reported during clinical trials occurring in patients at an equivalent or greater rate than placebo have been included below.

Within each frequency grouping, undesirable effects are presented in order of decreasing seriousness.

Very common (\geq 1/10); Common (\geq 1/100 to <1/10); Uncommon (\geq 1/1,000 to <1/100); Rare (\geq 1/10,000 to <1/1,000); Very rare (<1/10,000); Not known (cannot be established from the available data).

System Organ Class	Very Common	Common	Uncommon	Rare	Not known
Infections and infestations				Herpes zoster	

Blood and		Leukopenia	
lymphatic		,	
system		thrombocyt	
disorders		openia	
Immune			Hyper-
system			sensitivity
disorders			reaction
Metabolism		Hypertrigly	
and nutrition		ceridaemia,	
disorders		hypocalcae	
		mia,	
		hyponatrae	
D. Livi	T 1, 1 11.	mia	
Psychiatric	Irritability,	Mood	
disorders	nervousness,	altered,	
	restlessness,	aggression,	
	insomnia,	agitation,	
	abnormal	crying,	
	dreams,	stress	
	nightmares,	symptoms,	
	anxiety	disorientati	
		on, early	
		morning	
		awakening, libido	
		increased,	
		depressed	
		mood,	
		depression	
Nervous	Migraine,	Syncope,	
system	headache,	memory	
disorders	lethargy,	impairment	
	psychomoto		
	r	disturbance	
	hyperactivit	in	
	y, dizziness,	attention,	
	somnolence	dreamy	
		state,	
		restless	
		legs	
		syndrome,	
		poor	
		quality	
		sleep,	
		paraesthesi	
	 	a	
Eye	 	Visual	
disorders		acuity	
		reduced,	
		vision	
		blurred,	
		lacrimation	
		increased	

Ear and labyrinth disorders Cardiac disorders Cardiac disorders Vascular disorders Hypertensio n Abdominal pain upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, gastrointest inal unceration, gastrointest inal upper, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal disorders Hepatobiliar y disorders Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue Musculoskel etal and connective insue we will be a spasms, neck pain, extremity Musculoskel etal and connective c				
disorders Cardiac disorders Vascular disorders Gastrointesti nal disorders Abdominal pain, abdominal pain upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea Bistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discorder, disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel etal and connective	Ear and		Vertigo	
Cardiac disorders Vascular disorders Hypertensio n Abdominal pain upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea Hepatobiliar y disorders Hepatobiliar y disorders Hepatobiliar y disorders Pain and sorders Hepatobiliar y disorders Pain and sorders Pain in extremity Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity Angina pectoris, palpitations Hot flush Gastro-oesophagea 1 reflux disease, agstrointest inal disorder, oral mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrici disorder, gastritis Ezema, erythema, sweats, pruritus generalised, dry skin Pain in extremity Pain in extremity Angioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Angioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema	labyrinth		positional,	
Cardiac disorders Vascular disorders Hypertensio n Abdominal pain upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea Hepatobiliar y disorders Hepatobiliar y disorders Hepatobiliar y disorders Pain and sorders Hepatobiliar y disorders Pain and sorders Pain in extremity Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity Angina pectoris, palpitations Hot flush Gastro-oesophagea 1 reflux disease, agstrointest inal disorder, oral mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrici disorder, gastritis Ezema, erythema, sweats, pruritus generalised, dry skin Pain in extremity Pain in extremity Angioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Angioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema	disorders			
disorders Vascular disorders Hypertensio n Abdominal pain, abdominal pain upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea Historing, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel etal and connective Abdominal pain, abdominal pain, upper, dyspepsia, and bominal disorder, oral mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal disorder, gastric disorder, gastric disorder, gastric, and dermatitis, pruritus, rash, pruritus, rash, pruritus, rash, pruritus, rash generalised, dry skin pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Hyperbilirus Bezema, Angioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Arthritis, ensured. Pain in extremity Arthritis, muscle spasms,				
Vascular disorders Abdominal pain, abdominal pain upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric discorder, gastricts mouth sinaemia mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric discorder, gastricts mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrict discorder, gastricts mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrict discorder, gastricts mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrict discorder, gastricts mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrict discorder, gastrictis mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrictis mucosal blistering, torgue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrictis mucosal blistering, torgue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrictis mucosal blistering, torgue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrictis			_	
Vascular disorders Gastrointesti nal disorders Abdominal pain, pain upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel etal and connective Musculoskel etal and connective Abdominal pain, upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea Hypertonial pain, p	disorders			
Gastrointesti nal disorders Abdominal pain, pain upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea Hepatobiliar y disorders Abdominal pain, pain upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastrici disorder, gastritis Hyperbiliru binaemia Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Pain in extremity Musculoskel etal and connective Abdominal pain, pain, perintux disease, gastrointest inal ulceration, gastrointest inal disorder, gastritis Eczema, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, totogue oedema of mouth, totogue oedema of mouth, totogue oedema arabdominal disorder and Angioedem arabdominal disorder and Angioedem arabdominal disorder and and of mouth, totogue oedema of mouth oesophagea alabominal disorder and of mouth of	X 7 1	**		
Gastrointesti nal disorders Abdominal pain, oesophagea l reflux disease, gastrointest inal disorder, dry mouth, nausea Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Wusculoskel etal and connective Musculoskel etal and connective Abdominal pain, oesophagea l reflux disease, gastrointest inal disorder, dry mouth, oral mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hyperbiliru binaemia Bezema, Angioedem a, oeedma of mouth, oral mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hyperbiliru binaemia Bezema, Angioedem a, oeedma of mouth, or		Hypertensio	Hot flush	
nal disorders pain, abdominal pain upper, disease, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea listering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastrict stissue listering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders Hyperbiliru binaemia Eczema, night erythema, hand ubcutaneou s tissue disorders Pain in extremity pruritic, nail disorder pruritic, nail disorder Pain in extremity Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity muscle spasms,	disorders	n		
nal disorders pain, abdominal pain upper, disease, gastrointest inal ulceration, dry mouth, nausea listering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal uppet, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastrict stissue listering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis listering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis listering, tongue erythema, a, oedema of mouth tongue oedema pruritus, rash, pruritus, generalised, dry skin pruritic, nail disorder listering, tongue oedema listering, tongu	G + : + +:	A1 1 ' 1	C .	
abdominal pain upper, disease, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastric disorder, gastric disorder, gastric disorders Hepatobiliar y disorders				
Pain upper, dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea Dermatitis, night of stissue disorders Dermatitis, rash, pruritus, tissue disorders Pain in extremity Pain in extremi	nal disorders			
dyspepsia, mouth ulceration, disorder, oral mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders		abdominal	l reflux	
mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastrict disorder, gastrits Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel disorder Pain in extremity muscle spasms, Musculoskel etal and connective Musculoskel etal and connective mouth disorder, oral mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastroittinal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders Dermatitis, recythema, sweats, hand erythema, sweats, hand of mouth, tongue oedema a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Arthritis, nail disorder Arthritis, muscle spasms,		pain upper,	disease,	
mouth ulceration, dry mouth, nausea mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastrict disorder, gastrits Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel disorder Pain in extremity muscle spasms, Musculoskel etal and connective Musculoskel etal and connective mouth disorder, oral mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastroittinal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders Dermatitis, recythema, sweats, hand erythema, sweats, hand of mouth, tongue oedema a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Arthritis, nail disorder Arthritis, muscle spasms,		dyspepsia,	gastrointest	
Hepatobiliar y disorders				
dry mouth, nausea dry mouth, nausea dry mouth, nausea blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel etal and connective Musculoskel etal and connective argumentatis, rash, pruritus, rash pruritic, nail disorder Pain in extremity Musculoskel etal and connective alory mucosal blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, towell cannets in all upset, vomiting, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, abovel and promiting to sounds abnormal flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastritis Eczema, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema a, oedema a, oedema a, oedema Arthritis, rash pruritic, nail disorder Arthritis, muscle spasms,				
mausea blistering, tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity muscle spasms,		•	·	
Hepatobiliar y disorders				
tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastric disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Pain in extremity Musculoskel etal and connective tongue ulceration, gastrointest inal upset, vomiting, bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Eczema, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Arthritis, mail disorder Arthritis, muscle spasms,		nausea		
Hepatobiliar y disorders			_	
Hepatobiliar y disorders				
Hepatobiliar y disorders			ulceration,	
Hepatobiliar y disorders			gastrointest	
Hepatobiliar y disorders				
bowel sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders disorders Dermatitis, night erythema, a, oedema of mouth, pruritus, pruritus, rash, pruritus, rash pruritus generalised, dry skin pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Down above salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Eczema, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Tash, pruritus, rash pruritus, rash pruritus, nail disorder Pain in extremity muscle spasms,			_	
Sounds abnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders			_	
Angioedem a subcutaneou s tissue disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel etal and connective Musculoskel etal and connective Angioedem a subnormal, flatulence, salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hyperbiliru binaemia Dermatitis, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Fash, psoriasis, rash generalised, dry skin Pain in extremity Arthritis, muscle spasms,				
Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel etal and connective Musculoskel etal and connective Image of salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hyperbiliru binaemia Dermatitis, raghter erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Fezema, erythema, of mouth, tongue oedema Fezema, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Fezema, erythema, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Fezema, erythema, erythema, erythema, erythema, erythema, erythema, erythema, erythema				
Salivary hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hyperbiliru binaemia Dermatitis, night erythema, sweats, hand subcutaneou s tissue disorders Dermatitis, rash, psoriasis, rash, pruritus, rash, pruritus, rash, pruritus, rash pruritic, nail disorder Pain in extremity Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity Masculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity Masculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity Masculoskel Pain in extremity Masculoskel Pain in extremity Musculoskel Pain in extremity Musc			· ·	
hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Misculoskel etal and connective Hyperbiliru binaemia Dermatitis, rash, psoriasis, pruritus, ageneralised, night extremity Pain in extremity hypersecret ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Ezzema, Angioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Arthritis, muscle spasms,			flatulence,	
Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Dermatitis, pruritus, pruritus, rash, pruritus generalised, dry skin Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity ion, halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hyperbiliru binaemia Dermatitis, Eczema, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema rash, psoriasis, rash pruritus generalised, dry skin Pain in extremity muscle spasms,			salivary	
Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Dermatitis, night erythema, sweats, hand of mouth, tongue oedema pruritus, pruritus generalised, dry skin pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Hyperbiliru binaemia Dermatitis, Eczema, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema pruritus, generalised, rash pruritus, generalised, dry skin pruritic, nail disorder			hypersecret	
Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders disorders Dermatitis, night erythema, sweats, hand of mouth, tongue oedema pruritus, rash, psoriasis, rash, pruritus generalised, dry skin pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity halitosis, abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hyperbiliru binaemia Bezzema, Angioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema oedema Argioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Argioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema Argioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema				
Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders disorders Dermatitis, night erythema, sweats, hand of mouth, tongue oedema pruritus, rash, psoriasis, rash, pruritus generalised, dry skin rash pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity abdominal discomfort, gastric disorder, gastritis Hyperbiliru binaemia Bezema, Angioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema oedema Argioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema			· ·	
Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Misorders Dermatitis, night erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema pruritus, pruritus, psoriasis, pruritus generalised, dry skin pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Misorders Hyperbiliru binaemia Dermatitis, Eczema, angioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema pruritus, psoriasis, psoriasis, pruritus generalised dry skin pruritic, nail disorder				
Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders disorders Dermatitis, night erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema pruritus, psoriasis, pruritus generalised, dry skin pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Hyperbiliru binaemia Beczema, Angioedem a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema rash, psoriasis, rash pruritus generalised disorder Pain in extremity muscle spasms,				
Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Misorders Dermatitis, night erythema, a, oedema of mouth, dermatitis, psoriasis, rash, psoriasis, pruritus generalised, dry skin rash pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Musculoskel etal and connective Hyperbiliru binaemia Dermatitis, Eczema, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, dermatitis, tongue oedema Angioedem a, oedema of mouth, dermatitis, psoriasis, rash pruritus generalised, rash pruritus, nail disorder			•	
Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Misorders Dermatitis, night erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema pruritus, psoriasis, pruritus rash generalised, dry skin rash pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Metal and subcutaneou s tissue disorder pruritus, psoriasis, pruritus generalised disorder pruritic, nail disorder spasms,			0	
Hepatobiliar y disorders Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel etal and connective Hyperbiliru binaemia Bezema, Angioedem a, oedema sweats, hand of mouth, tongue oedema Pain in extremity muscle spasms,				
Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Musculoskel etal and connective binaemia binaemia binaemia binaemia binaemia Dermatitis, Eczema, erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema erythema, a, oedema a, oedema a, oedema Armuitis, psoriasis, rash generalised dry skin Pain in extremity muscle spasms,			gastritis	
Skin and subcutaneou s tissue disorders Dermatitis, pruritus, rash, pruritus generalised, dry skin rash pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity muscle spasms,	Hepatobiliar	Hyperbiliru		
Skin and subcutaneou s tissue sweats, hand of mouth, disorders pruritus, rash, pruritus generalised, dry skin pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Dermatitis, Eczema, a, oedema a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema rash, pruritus rash generalised dry skin pruritic, nail disorder Pain in extremity muscle spasms,	_			
subcutaneou s tissue sweats, hand of mouth, disorders pruritus, pruritus, pruritus rash generalised, dry skin rash pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity muscle spasms,	-			
subcutaneou s tissue sweats, hand of mouth, disorders pruritus, rash, pruritus generalised, dry skin pruritic, nail disorder prainin extremity muscle connective as weats, hand of mouth, tongue oedema oedema night erythema, a, oedema of mouth, tongue oedema rash, psoriasis, rash generalised dry skin , rash pruritic, nail disorder	Skin and	Dermatitis,	Eczema,	Angioedem
s tissue disorders sweats, pruritus, dermatitis, tongue rash, psoriasis, rash generalised, dry skin disorder Musculoskel etal and connective sweats, hand dermatitis, tongue oedema oedema Pain in extremity muscle spasms,	subcutaneou		erythema,	
disorders pruritus, psoriasis, psoriasis, rash generalised, dry skin Musculoskel etal and connective pruritus, psoriasis, rash generalised, rash pruritic, nail disorder Pain in extremity muscle spasms,		-		
rash, pruritus rash generalised, dry skin rash pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity muscle spasms,				
pruritus rash generalised, dry skin rash pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel Pain in extremity muscle connective rash generalised rash genera	315014015	_	,	
Musculoskel etal and connective generalised, dry skin generalised , rash pruritic, nail disorder Pain in extremity muscle spasms,			_	ocucina
dry skin , rash pruritic, nail disorder Musculoskel Pain in Arthritis, etal and extremity muscle connective spasms,		•		
Musculoskel etal and connective pruritic, nail disorder Pain in extremity muscle spasms,			-	
Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity muscle spasms,		dry skin		
Musculoskel etal and connective Pain in extremity muscle spasms,			pruritic,	
Musculoskel etal and connective Musculoskel etal and extremity extremity muscle spasms,				
Musculoskel etal and extremity muscle spasms,				
etal and connective extremity muscle spasms,	Musculoskal	Dain in		
connective spasms,				
		extremity		
tissue neck pain,			_	
	tissue		neck pain,	

disorders		night cramps	
Renal and	Glycosuria,	Polyuria,	
urinary	proteinuria	haematuria,	
disorders		nocturia	
Reproductiv	Menopausal	Priapism,	Galactorrho
e system and	symptoms	prostatitis	ea
breast			
disorders			
General	Asthenia,	Fatigue,	
disorders	chest pain	pain, thirst	
and			
administrati			
on site			
conditions			
Investigatio	Liver	Hepatic	
ns	function test	enzyme	
	abnormal,	increased,	
	weight	blood	
	increased	electrolyes	
		abnormal,	
		laboratory	
		test	
		abnormal	

Reporting of suspected adverse reactions

Reporting suspected adverse reactions after authorisation of the medicinal product is important. It allows continued monitoring of the benefit/risk balance of the medicinal product. Healthcare professionals are asked to report any suspected adverse reactions via the Yellow Card Scheme Website: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store.

4.9 Overdose

Several cases of overdose have been reported post-marketing. Somnolence was the most reported adverse event. Most were mild to moderate in severity. Melatonin has been administered at 5 mg daily doses in clinical trials over 12 months without significantly changing the nature of the adverse reactions reported.

Administration of daily doses of up to 300 mg of melatonin without causing clinically significant adverse reactions have been reported in the literature.

If overdose occurs, drowsiness is to be expected. Clearance of the active substance is expected within 12 hours after ingestion. No special treatment is required.

5 PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Psycholeptics, melatonin receptor agonists, ATC code: N05CH01

Melatonin is a naturally occurring hormone produced by the pineal gland and is structurally related to serotonin. Physiologically, melatonin secretion increases soon after the onset of darkness, peaks at 2-4 am and diminishes during the second half of the night. Melatonin is associated with the control of circadian rhythms and entrainment to the light-dark cycle. It is also associated with a hypnotic effect and increased propensity for sleep.

Mechanism of action

The activity of melatonin at the MT1, MT2 and MT3 receptors is believed to contribute to its sleep-promoting properties, as these receptors (mainly MT1 and MT2) are involved in the regulation of circadian rhythms and sleep regulation.

Rationale for use

Because of the role of melatonin in sleep and circadian rhythm regulation, and the age related decrease in endogenous melatonin production, melatonin may effectively improve sleep quality particularly in patients who are over 55 with primary insomnia.

Clinical efficacy and safety

In clinical trials, where patients suffering from primary insomnia received melatonin 2 mg every evening for 3 weeks, benefits were shown in treated patients compared to placebo in sleep latency (as measured by objective and subjective means) and in subjective quality of sleep and daytime functioning (restorative sleep) with no impairment of vigilance during the day.

In a polysomnographic (PSG) study with a run-in of 2 weeks (single-blind with placebo treatment), followed by a treatment period of 3 weeks (double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel group design) and a 3-week withdrawal period, sleep latency (SL) was shortened by 9 minutes compared to placebo. There were no modifications of sleep architecture and no effect on REM sleep duration by melatonin. Modifications in diurnal functioning did not occur with melatonin 2 mg.

In an outpatient study with 2 week run-in baseline period with placebo, a randomised, double blind, placebo controlled, parallel group treatment period of 3 weeks and 2 week withdrawal period with placebo, the rate of patients who showed a clinically significant improvement in both quality of sleep and morning alertness was 47% in the melatonin group as compared to 27% in the placebo group. In addition, quality of sleep and morning alertness significantly improved with melatonin compared to placebo. Sleep variables gradually returned to baseline with no rebound, no increase in adverse reactions and no increase in withdrawal symptoms.

In a second outpatient study with two week run in baseline period with placebo and a randomised, double blind, placebo controlled, parallel group treatment period of 3 weeks, the rate of patients who showed a clinically significant improvement in both quality of sleep and morning alertness was 26% in the melatonin group as compared to 15% in the placebo group. Melatonin shortened patients' reported sleep latency by 24.3 minutes vs 12.9 minutes with placebo. In addition, patients' self-reported quality of sleep, number of awakenings and morning alertness significantly improved with melatonin compared to placebo. Quality of life was improved significantly with melatonin 2 mg compared to placebo.

An additional randomised clinical trial (n=600) compared the effects of melatonin and placebo for up to six months. Patients were re-randomised at 3 weeks. The study demonstrated improvements in sleep latency, quality of sleep and morning alertness, with no withdrawal symptoms and rebound insomnia. The study showed that the benefit observed after 3 weeks is maintained for up to 3 months but failed the primary analysis set at 6 months. At 3 months, about an extra 10% of responders were seen in the melatonin treated group.

Paediatric population

A paediatric study (n=125) with doses of 2, 5 or 10 mg prolonged-release melatonin in multiples of 1 mg minitablets (age-appropriate pharmaceutical form), with two week run in baseline period on placebo and a randomised, double blind, placebo controlled, parallel group treatment period of 13 weeks, demonstrated an improvement in total sleep time (TST) after 13 weeks of double-blind treatment; participants slept more with active treatment (508 minutes), compared to placebo (488 minutes).

There was also a reduction in sleep latency with active treatment (61 minutes) compared to placebo (77 minutes) after 13 weeks of double-blind treatment, without causing earlier wake-up time.

In addition, there were fewer dropouts in the active treatment group (9 patients; 15.0%) compared to the placebo group (21 patients; 32.3%). Treatment emergent adverse events were reported by 85% patients in the active group and by 77% in the placebo group. Nervous system disorders were more common in the active group with 42% patients, compared to 23% in the placebo group, mainly driven by somnolence and headache more frequent in the active group.

5.2 Pharmacokinetic properties

Absorption

The absorption of orally ingested melatonin is complete in adults and may be decreased by up to 50% in the elderly. The kinetics of melatonin are linear over the range of 2-8 mg.

Bioavailability is in the order of 15%. There is a significant first pass effect with an estimated first pass metabolism of 85%. T_{max} occurs after 3 hours in a fed state. The rate of melatonin absorption and C_{max} following melatonin 2 mg oral administration is affected by food. The presence of food delayed the absorption of the melatonin resulting in a later (T_{max} =3.0 h versus T_{max} =0.75 h) and lower peak plasma concentration in the fed state (C_{max} =1020pg/ml versus C_{max} =1176 pg/ml).

Distribution

The *in vitro* plasma protein binding of melatonin is approximately 60%. Melatonin is mainly bound to albumin, alpha1-acid glycoprotein and high density lipoprotein.

Biotransformation

Experimental data suggest that isoenzymes CYP1A1, CYP1A2 and possibly CYP2C19 of the cytochrome P450 system are involved in melatonin metabolism. The principal metabolite is 6-sulphatoxy-melatonin (6-S-MT), which is inactive. The site

of biotransformation is the liver. The excretion of the metabolite is completed within 12 hours after ingestion.

Elimination

Terminal half life $(t_{1/2})$ is 3.5-4 hours. Elimination is by renal excretion of metabolites, 89% as sulphated and glucoronide conjugates of 6-hydroxymelatonin and 2% is excreted as melatonin (unchanged active substance).

Gender

A 3-4-fold increase in C_{max} is apparent for women compared to men. A five-fold variability in C_{max} between different members of the same sex has also been observed. However, no pharmacodynamic differences between males and females were found despite differences in blood levels. Special populations

Older People

Melatonin metabolism is known to decline with age. Across a range of doses, higher AUC and C_{max} levels have been reported in older patients compared to younger patients, reflecting the lower metabolism of melatonin in the elderly. C_{max} levels around 500 pg/ml in adults (18-45) versus 1200 pg/ml in elderly (55-69); AUC levels around 3,000 pg*h/mL in adults versus 5,000 pg*h/mL in the elderly.

Renal impairment

Company data indicates that there is no accumulation of melatonin after repeated dosing. This finding is compatible with the short half-life of melatonin in humans.

The levels assessed in the blood of the patients at 23:00 (2 hours after administration) following 1 and 3 weeks of daily administration were 411.4 ± 56.5 and 432.00 ± 83.2 pg/ml respectively, and are similar to those found in healthy volunteers following a single dose of melatonin 2 mg.

Hepatic impairment

The liver is the primary site of melatonin metabolism and therefore, hepatic impairment results in higher endogenous melatonin levels.

Plasma melatonin levels in patients with cirrhosis were significantly increased during daylight hours. Patients had a significantly decreased total excretion of 6-sulfatoxymelatonin compared with controls.

5.3 Preclinical safety data

Non-clinical data revealed no special hazard for humans based on conventional studies of safety pharmacology, repeated dose toxicity, genotoxicity, carcinogenic potential, toxicity to reproduction and development.

Effects in non-clinical studies were observed only at exposures considered sufficiently in excess of the maximum human exposure indicating little relevance to clinical use.

The carcinogenicity study in the rat did not reveal any effect which may be relevant for humans.

In reproductive toxicology, oral administration of melatonin in pregnant female mice, rats or rabbits did not result in adverse effects on their offspring, measured in terms of foetal viability, skeletal and visceral abnormalities, sex ratio, birthweight and subsequent physical, functional and sexual development. A slight effect on post-natal growth and viability was found in rats only at very high doses, equivalent to approximately 2000 mg/day in humans.

6 PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1 List of excipients

Ammonio methacrylate copolymer type B Calcium hydrogen phosphate dihydrate Lactose monohydrate Silica, colloidal anhydrous Talc Magnesium stearate

6.2 Incompatibilities

Not applicable.

6.3 Shelf life

Blister packs (PVC/PVDC/Al)

3 years

Blister packs (PVC/PE/PVDC/PE/PVC/Al)

2 years

HPDE tablet container

3 years

6.4 Special precautions for storage

Blisters

Do not store above 25°C. Store in the original package in order to protect from light.

Container

Do not store above 30°C. Store in the original package in order to protect from light.

6.5 Nature and contents of container

Blister packs (PVC/PVDC/Al)

20, 21, 30, 60 or 90 prolonged-release tablets

Blister packs (PVC/PE/PVDC/PE/PVC/Al)

20, 21, 30 or 90 prolonged-release tablets

HDPE tablet container with PP cap

100 prolonged release-tablets

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

6.6 Special precautions for disposal

No special requirements for disposal.

Any unused medicinal product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

7 MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

TEVA UK LIMITED Ridings Point, Whistler Drive, Castleford, WF10 5HX, United Kingdom

8 MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER(S)

PL 00289/2202

9 DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION/RENEWAL OF THE AUTHORISATION

07/09/2018 / 13/04/2023

10 DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT

06/10/2025